



## SAFETY DATA SHEET Metal Working Fluid

According to Appendix D, OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR §1910.1200

**1. Identification**

**Product identifier**

**Product name**                      Metal Working Fluid  
**Product number**                      L0185-063

**Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use**

**Application**                              Lubricating oil  
**Uses advised against**                      No specific uses advised against are identified.

**Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

**Manufacturer**                              Lubriplate Lubricants Co.  
Corporate Headquarters  
129 Lockwood Street  
Newark, NJ 07105  
  
Midwest Office & Plant  
1500 Oakdale Ave.  
Toledo, OH 43605  
419-691-2491  
419-693-3806

**Emergency telephone number**

**Emergency telephone**                      Chem-Tel: 1-800-255-3924 (US & Canada only)  
01-813-248-0585 (Outside US & Canada)

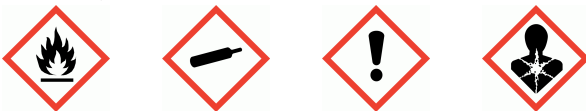
**2. Hazard(s) identification**

**Classification of the substance or mixture**

**Physical hazards**                              Flam. Aerosol 2 - H223 Press. Gas, Compressed - H280  
**Health hazards**                              Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304  
**Environmental hazards**                      Not Classified

**Label elements**

**Hazard symbols**



**Signal word**                                      Danger

**Hazard statements**                              H223 Flammable aerosol.  
H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.  
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

## Metal Working Fluid

**Precautionary statements**

P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking.  
 P251 Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use  
 P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.  
 P301+P310 If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/ doctor.  
 P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.  
 P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.  
 P410+P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.  
 P412 Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

**Contains** Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light, Calcium Sulfonate

### Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Mixtures

|   |                |
|---|----------------|
| <b>Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light</b>            | <b>60-100%</b> |
| CAS number: 64742-47-8  |                |
| <b>Classification</b>   |                |
| Asp. Tox. 1 - H304  |                |
| <b>Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic</b> | <b>5-10%</b>   |
| CAS number: 64742-52-5  |                |
| <b>Classification</b>   |                |
| Not Classified  |                |
| <b>Carbon dioxide</b>   | <b>1-5%</b>    |
| CAS number: 124-38-9  |                |
| <b>Classification</b>   |                |
| Simple Asphyxiant - USH03                                     |                |
| <b>2-butoxyethanol</b>  | <b>1-5%</b>    |
| CAS number: 111-76-2  |                |
| <b>Classification</b>   |                |
| Acute Tox. 4 - H302   |                |
| Acute Tox. 4 - H312   |                |
| Acute Tox. 4 - H332   |                |
| Skin Irrit. 2 - H315  |                |
| Eye Irrit. 2A - H319  |                |
| <b>Pentene, 2,4,4-trimethyl-, sulfurized</b>                  | <b>&lt;1%</b>  |
| CAS number: 68515-88-8  |                |
| <b>Classification</b>   |                |
| Skin Sens. 1B - H317  |                |

## Metal Working Fluid

|                          |               |
|--------------------------|---------------|
| <b>Calcium Sulfonate</b> | <b>&lt;1%</b> |
| CAS number: 61789-86-4   |               |
| <b>Classification</b>    |               |
| Skin Sens. 1 - H317      |               |

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

**Composition comments** \* The exact percentage withheld as a trade secret in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200.

### 4. First-aid measures

#### Description of first aid measures

|                                   |   |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| <b>General information</b>        | Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.  |
| <b>Inhalation</b>                 | Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.  |
| <b>Ingestion</b>                  | Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Remove any dentures. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. |
| <b>Skin Contact</b>               | Rinse with water.   |
| <b>Eye contact</b>                | Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.   |
| <b>Protection of first aiders</b> | First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.   |

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| <b>General information</b> | See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure. |
| <b>Inhalation</b>          | Spray/mists may cause respiratory tract irritation.  |
| <b>Ingestion</b>           | Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur.  |
| <b>Skin contact</b>        | Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.  |
| <b>Eye contact</b>         | May be slightly irritating to eyes. May cause discomfort.  |

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

|                             |                        |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| <b>Notes for the doctor</b> | Treat symptomatically. |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|

## Metal Working Fluid

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** The product is flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

#### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Specific hazards** Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

**Hazardous combustion products** Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapors.

#### Advice for firefighters

**Protective actions during firefighting** Avoid breathing fire gases or vapors. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapors and protect men stopping the leak. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

**Special protective equipment for firefighters** Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Standard Firefighter's clothing including helmets, protective boots and gloves will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

### 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**Personal precautions** No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Evacuate area. Risk of explosion. Provide adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated.

#### Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions** Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Large Spillages: Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

## Metal Working Fluid

### Methods for cleaning up

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Approach the spillage from upwind. Under normal conditions of handling and storage, spillages from aerosol containers are unlikely. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. Small Spillages: Wipe up with an absorbent cloth and dispose of waste safely. Large Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dangerous for the environment. Do not empty into drains. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

### Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

## Metal Working Fluid

### 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

##### **Usage precautions**

Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. The product is flammable. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Spray will evaporate and cool rapidly and may cause frostbite or cold burns if in contact with skin. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray/mists.

##### **Advice on general occupational hygiene**

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

##### **Storage precautions**

Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep away from oxidizing materials, heat and flames. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Protect from sunlight. Do not store near heat sources or expose to high temperatures. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Utilize retaining walls to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.

##### **Storage class**

Miscellaneous hazardous material storage.

##### **Specific end uses(s)**

##### **Specific end use(s)**

The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.

### 8. Exposure controls/Personal protection

#### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

##### **Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic**

Mineral oil, excluding metal working fluids (pure, highly and severely refined)

ACGIH

##### **Carbon dioxide**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 5000 ppm 9000 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 5000 ppm 9000 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): ACGIH 30000 ppm 54000 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

##### **2-butoxyethanol**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 50 ppm 240 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Sk

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 20 ppm 97 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

A3

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

Sk = Danger of cutaneous absorption.

A3 = Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans.

#### Carbon dioxide (CAS: 124-38-9)

## Metal Working Fluid

**Immediate danger to life and health** 40,000 ppm

### 2-butoxyethanol (CAS: 111-76-2)

**Immediate danger to life and health** 700 ppm

#### Exposure controls

##### Protective equipment



##### Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimize worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimize exposure.

##### Eye/face protection

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with OSHA 1910.133. Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.

##### Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with OSHA 1910.138 and be demonstrated to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.

##### Other skin and body protection

Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.

##### Hygiene measures

Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.

##### Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is NIOSH approved. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134.

## Metal Working Fluid

**Environmental exposure controls** Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

|   |                                 |
|---|---------------------------------|
| <b>Appearance</b>                                   | Liquid.                         |
| <b>Color</b>  | Off-white.                      |
| <b>Odor</b>   | Mild.                           |
| <b>Odor threshold</b>                               | Not available.                  |
| <b>pH</b>   | Not available.                  |
| <b>Melting point</b>                                | Not available.                  |
| <b>Initial boiling point and range</b>              | Not available.                  |
| <b>Flash point</b>                                  | 154°C/309°F Method: Closed cup. |
| <b>Evaporation rate</b>                             | > (butyl acetate = 1)           |
| <b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>                    | Not applicable.                 |
| <b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</b> | Not available.                  |
| <b>Vapor pressure</b>                               | 4137 mm Hg @ 54°C               |
| <b>Vapor density</b>                                | > 1                             |
| <b>Relative density</b>                             | 0.93 (without propellant)       |
| <b>Solubility(ies)</b>                              | Insoluble in water.             |
| <b>Partition coefficient</b>                        | Not available.                  |
| <b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>                    | Not available.                  |
| <b>Decomposition Temperature</b>                    | Not available.                  |
| <b>Viscosity</b>                                    | 140 cSt @ 40°C                  |
| <b>Explosive properties</b>                         | Not applicable.                 |
| <b>Oxidizing properties</b>                         | Not available.                  |
| <b>Other information</b>                            | None.                           |

### 10. Stability and reactivity

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Reactivity</b>                         | See the other subsections of this section for further details.  |
| <b>Stability</b>                          | Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions. |
| <b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b> | The following materials may react strongly with the product: Oxidizing agents.                                      |



## Metal Working Fluid

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Conditions to avoid</b>              | Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Pressurised container: may burst if heated   |
| <b>Materials to avoid</b>               | No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous situation.  |
| <b>Hazardous decomposition products</b> | Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapors. |

### 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

##### Acute toxicity - oral

**Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>)** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 27,956.7

##### Acute toxicity - dermal

**Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>)** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**ATE dermal (mg/kg)** 61,504.74

##### Acute toxicity - inhalation

**Notes (inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>)** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)** 615.05

##### Skin corrosion/irritation

**Animal data** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

##### Serious eye damage/irritation

**Serious eye damage/irritation** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

##### Respiratory sensitization

**Respiratory sensitization** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

##### Skin sensitization

**Skin sensitization** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

##### Germ cell mutagenicity

**Genotoxicity - in vitro** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

##### Carcinogenicity

**Carcinogenicity** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

##### **IARC carcinogenicity**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

##### Reproductive toxicity

**Reproductive toxicity - fertility** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**Reproductive toxicity - development**

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

##### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

**STOT - single exposure** Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.

##### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

**STOT - repeated exposure** Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

##### Aspiration hazard

## Metal Working Fluid

|                            |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| <b>Aspiration hazard</b>   | Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.  |
| <b>General information</b> | The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure. |
| <b>Inhalation</b>          | Spray/mists may cause respiratory tract irritation.   |
| <b>Ingestion</b>           | Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur.                       |
| <b>Skin Contact</b>        | Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.   |
| <b>Eye contact</b>         | May be slightly irritating to eyes. May cause discomfort.   |
| <b>Route of exposure</b>   | Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact  |
| <b>Target Organs</b>       | No specific target organs known.  |

### 12. Ecological information

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Ecotoxicity</b>                          | Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment. |
| <b>Toxicity</b>                             | Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.   |
| <b><u>Persistence and degradability</u></b> |   |
| <b>Persistence and degradability</b>        | The degradability of the product is not known.  |
| <b><u>Bioaccumulative potential</u></b>     |   |
| <b>Bio-Accumulative Potential</b>           | No data available on bioaccumulation.   |
| <b>Partition coefficient</b>                | Not available.  |
| <b><u>Mobility in soil</u></b>              |   |
| <b>Mobility</b>                             | The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.                           |
| <b><u>Other adverse effects</u></b>         |   |
| <b>Other adverse effects</b>                | None known.   |

### 13. Disposal considerations

#### Waste treatment methods

|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| <b>General information</b> | The generation of waste should be minimized or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous. |
| <b>Disposal methods</b>    | Do not empty into drains. Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of the risk of an explosion. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labeled with their contents.  |

### 14. Transport information

## Metal Working Fluid

**General** As supplied, this product is consigned under the Limited Quantities provisions.

### UN Number

|               |        |
|---------------|--------|
| UN No. (TDG)  | 1950   |
| UN No. (IMDG) | 1950   |
| UN No. (ICAO) | 1950   |
| UN No. (DOT)  | UN1950 |

### UN proper shipping name

|                             |          |
|-----------------------------|----------|
| Proper shipping name (TDG)  | AEROSOLS |
| Proper shipping name (IMDG) | AEROSOLS |
| Proper shipping name (ICAO) | AEROSOLS |
| Proper shipping name (DOT)  | AEROSOLS |

### Transport hazard class(es)

|                     |     |
|---------------------|-----|
| DOT hazard class    | 2.1 |
| DOT hazard label    | 2.1 |
| TDG class           | 2.1 |
| TDG label(s)        | 2.1 |
| IMDG Class          | 2.1 |
| ICAO class/division | 2.1 |

### Transport labels



### DOT transport labels



### Packing group

|                    |      |
|--------------------|------|
| TDG Packing Group  | None |
| IMDG packing group | None |
| ICAO packing group | None |

### Environmental hazards

#### Environmentally Hazardous Substance

No.

### Special precautions for user

Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**EmS** F-D, S-U

## Metal Working Fluid

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

### 15. Regulatory information

#### US Federal Regulations

##### **SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Tier II Threshold Planning Quantities**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

##### **CERCLA/Superfund, Hazardous Substances/Reportable Quantities (EPA)**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

##### **SARA Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA Reportable Quantities**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

##### **SARA 313 Emission Reporting**

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

*2-butoxyethanol*

1.0 %

*Naphthenic acids, zinc salts*

1.0 %

*Zinc neodeconoate*

1.0 %

##### **CAA Accidental Release Prevention**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

##### **FDA - Essential Chemical**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

##### **FDA - Precursor Chemical**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

##### **SARA (311/312) Hazard Categories**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

##### **OSHA Highly Hazardous Chemicals**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### US State Regulations

##### **California Proposition 65 Carcinogens and Reproductive Toxins**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

##### **California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-I)**

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

*2-butoxyethanol*

##### **California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-II)**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

##### **California Directors List of Hazardous Substances**

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

*Carbon dioxide*

## Metal Working Fluid

*2-butoxyethanol*

### Massachusetts "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

*Carbon dioxide*

*2-butoxyethanol*

### Rhode Island "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

*Carbon dioxide*

*2-butoxyethanol*

### Minnesota "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

*Carbon dioxide*

*2-butoxyethanol*

### New Jersey "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

*Carbon dioxide*

*2-butoxyethanol*

### Pennsylvania "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

*Carbon dioxide*

*2-butoxyethanol*

## Inventories

### US - TSCA

All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

*Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light*

*Carbon dioxide*

*Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed*

*Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic*

*2-butoxyethanol*

*Calcium Sulfonate*

*Naphthenic acids, zinc salts*

*Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle*

*Zinc neodecanoate*

*Pentene, 2,4,4-trimethyl-, sulfurized*

*Petroleum oil*

*Polyisobutylene*

*Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated*

### US - TSCA 12(b) Export Notification

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

## Metal Working Fluid

### 16. Other information

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet</b> | <p>TDG: The transport of dangerous goods act</p> <p>IATA: International air transport association.<br/>         ICAO: Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air.<br/>         IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods.<br/>         CAS: Chemical abstracts service.<br/>         ATE: Acute toxicity estimate.<br/>         LC<sub>50</sub>: Lethal concentration to 50 % of a test population.<br/>         LD<sub>50</sub>: Lethal dose to 50% of a test population (median lethal dose).<br/>         EC<sub>50</sub>: 50% of maximal effective concentration.<br/>         PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic substance.<br/>         vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative.</p> |
| <b>Classification abbreviations and acronyms</b>                | <p>Aerosol = Aerosol<br/>         Press. Gas, Compressed = Gas under pressure: Compressed gas<br/>         Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)</p>   |
| <b>Training advice</b>  | Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this material.  |
| <b>Revision date</b>  | 6/29/2018   |
| <b>SDS No.</b>  | 5194  |
| <b>Hazard statements in full</b>                                | <p>H223 Flammable aerosol.<br/>         H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.<br/>         H302 Harmful if swallowed.<br/>         H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.<br/>         H312 Harmful in contact with skin.<br/>         H315 Causes skin irritation.<br/>         H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.<br/>         H319 Causes serious eye irritation.<br/>         H332 Harmful if inhaled.<br/>         USH03 May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation</p>   |

**End of SDS**

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.